

You have the right to receive a “Good Faith Estimate” explaining how much your health care will cost

Under the law, health care providers need to give **patients who don’t have insurance or who are not using insurance** an estimate of their bill for health care items and services.

- You have the right to receive a Good Faith Estimate for the total expected cost of any non-emergency items or services provided during the clinic visit. This includes related costs like laboratory tests, dispensary medications, equipment, and other clinic fees.
- If you schedule a health care service at least 3 business days in advance, make sure your health care provider gives you a Good Faith Estimate in writing within 1 business day after scheduling.
- You can also ask your health care provider, and any other provider you choose, for a Good Faith Estimate before you schedule a service. When requested, a Good Faith Estimate will be provided within 3 days of your request.
- If you receive a bill that is at least \$400 more than your Good Faith Estimate, you can dispute the bill. Patient-Provider Dispute Resolution (PPDR) process is available at the website below.
- Make sure to save a copy or picture of your Good Faith Estimate.

For questions or more information about your right to a Good Faith Estimate, visit www.cms.gov/nosurprises/consumers, email FederalPPDRQuestions@cms.hhs.gov, or call 1-800-985-3059.

PRIVACY ACT STATEMENT: CMS is authorized to collect the information on this form and any supporting documentation under section 2799B-7 of the Public Health Service Act, as added by section 112 of the No Surprises Act, title I of Division BB of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Pub. L. 116-260). We need the information on the form to process your request to initiate a payment dispute, verify the eligibility of your dispute for the PPDR process, and to determine whether any conflict of interest exists with the independent dispute resolution entity selected to decide your dispute. The information may also be used to: (1) support a decision on your dispute; (2) support the ongoing operation and oversight of the PPDR program; (3) evaluate selected IDR entity’s compliance with program rules. Providing the requested information is voluntary. But failing to provide it may delay or prevent processing of your dispute, or it could cause your dispute to be decided in favor of the provider or facility